Searching with Boolean Operators

Boolean logic defines logical relationships between terms in a search. The Boolean search operators are **and**, **or**, and **not**. You can use these operators to create a very broad or very narrow search.

- **And** combines search terms so that each search result contains all of the terms. For example, *travel and Europe* finds articles that contain *both* travel and Europe.
- **Or** combines search terms so that each search result contains at least one of the terms. For example, *college or university* finds results that contain *either* college or university.
- **Not** excludes terms so that each search result does not contain any of the terms that follow it. For example, *television not cable* finds results that contain television but *not* cable.

**Notes:**

- When executing a search, **And** takes precedence over **Or**.
- When you search **EBSCO Discovery Service**, your library administrator may require Boolean Operators be capitalized (AND, OR, NOT).

The following table illustrates the operation of Boolean terms:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>And</th>
<th>Or</th>
<th>Not</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Each result contains all search terms.</td>
<td>Each result contains at least one search term.</td>
<td>Results do not contain the specified terms.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The search <em>heart and lung</em> finds items that contain <em>both</em> heart and lung.</td>
<td>The search <em>heart or lung</em> finds items that contain <em>either</em> heart or items that contain lung.</td>
<td>The search <em>heart not lung</em> finds items that contain heart but do not contain lung.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

When a single **Find** field is displayed, you can enter search terms in the **Find** field, and combine with AND, OR, and NOT. (For example, *Roosevelt NOT Franklin*.)

When Guided-Style **Find** fields are displayed, you can enter search terms in each **Find** field, and select AND, OR, and NOT from the Boolean drop-down lists.
With longer search strings, you can combine many terms in a search with the AND operator, which will narrow your search results. For example, `heart AND lung AND bypass AND artery` will provide a more focused search than `heart AND lung OR bypass OR artery`.

To make even better use of Boolean operators, you can enclose search terms and their operators in *parentheses* to specify the order in which they are interpreted. Information within parentheses is read first, and then information outside parentheses is read next. For example, `(heart OR lung) AND bypass` will return different results than `heart OR lung AND bypass`.

### Using Booleans and Parentheses

To make even better use of Boolean operators, you can use *parentheses* to nest query terms within other query terms.

You can enclose search terms and their operators in parentheses to specify the *order in which they are interpreted*. Information *within* parentheses is read *first*, then information *outside* parentheses is read *next*. For example,

When you enter `(mouse OR rat) AND trap`, the search engine retrieves results containing the word mouse or the word rat together with the word trap in the fields searched by default.

If there are nested parentheses, the search engine processes the *innermost* parenthetical expression first, then the next, and so on until the entire query has been interpreted. For example,

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